

Prostate Stem Cells as EDC Targets that Increase Cancer Susceptibility

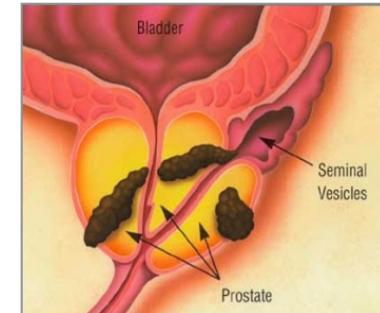
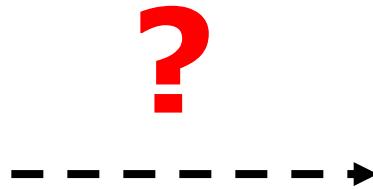
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Developmental Origins of Adult Disease

The risk of Prostate Cancer is likely influenced by fetal or perinatal estrogen exposures.

- Maternal (*Henderson, Ross, '88; Ekbom, '96, 2000*)
- Pharmaceutical (DES) (*Aria & Bern, '78; Prins '97, '01*)
- EDCs (*Cooke, '90; Peterson, '97; Nagel, '97; Prins et al, '07*)



ENDOCRINE DISRUPTING CHEMICALS

ER agonists

AR antagonist

T synthesis inhibitor

TH inhibitor

HERBICIDES

2,4,-D
2,4,5,-T
Alachlor
Amitrole
Atrazine
Linuron
Metribuzin
Nitrofen
Trifluralin

FUNGICIDES

Benomyl
Ethylene thiourea
Fenarimol
Hexachlorobenzene
Mancozeb
Maneb
Metiram - complex
Tri-butyl-tin
Vinclozolin
Zineb

INSECTICIDES

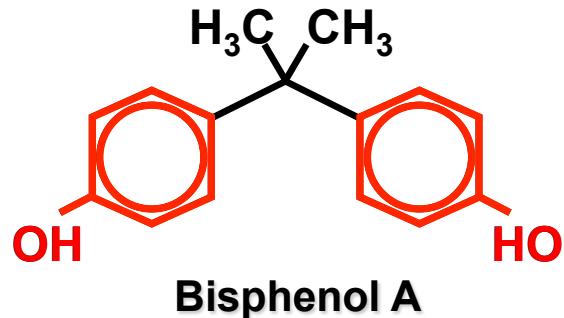
Aldicarb
beta-HCH
Carbaryl
Chlordane
Chlordecone
DBCP
Dicofol
Dieldrin
DDT and metabolites
Endosulfan
Heptachlor / H-epoxide
Lindane (gamma-HCH)
Malathion
Methomyl
Methoxychlor
Oxychlordane
Parathion
Synthetic pyrethroids
Transnonachlor
Toxaphene

INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS

Bisphenol - A
Polycarbonate
Butylhydroxyanisole (BHA)
Cadmium
Chloro- & Bromo-diphenyl ether
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-TCDD)
Furans
Lead
Manganese
Methyl mercury
Nonylphenol
Octylphenol
PBDEs
PCBs
Pentachlorophenol
Penta- to Nonylphenols
p-tert-Pentylphenol
Phthalates
Styrene

Bisphenol A (BPA): Estrogenic EDC

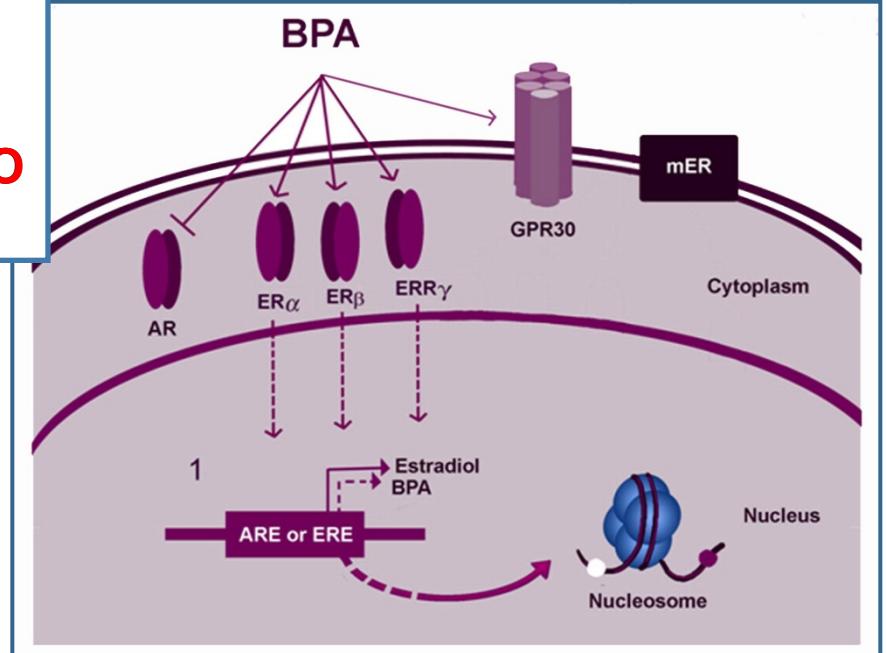
Epoxy resins:
can linings



Carbonless
paper receipts

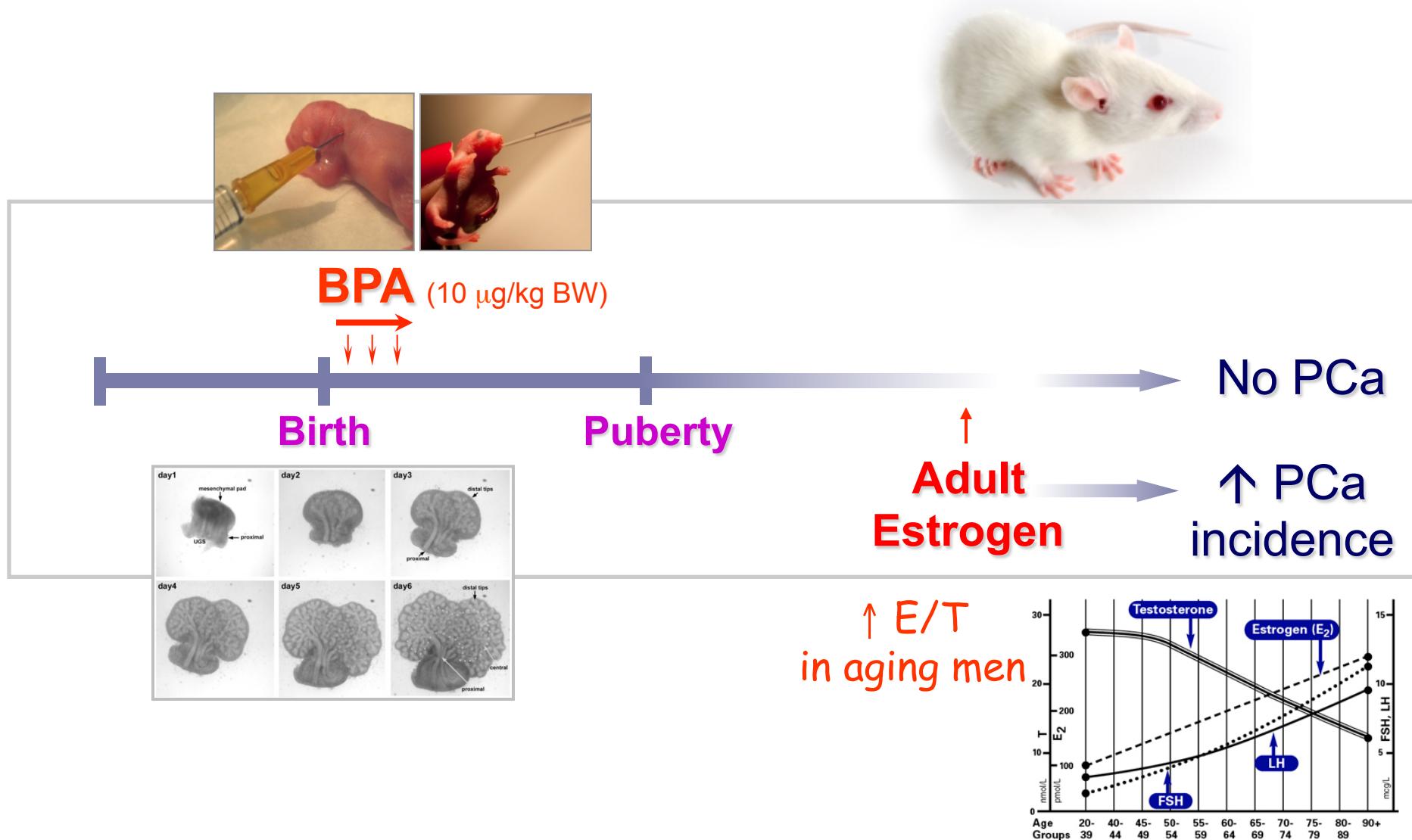


Polycarbonate plastics



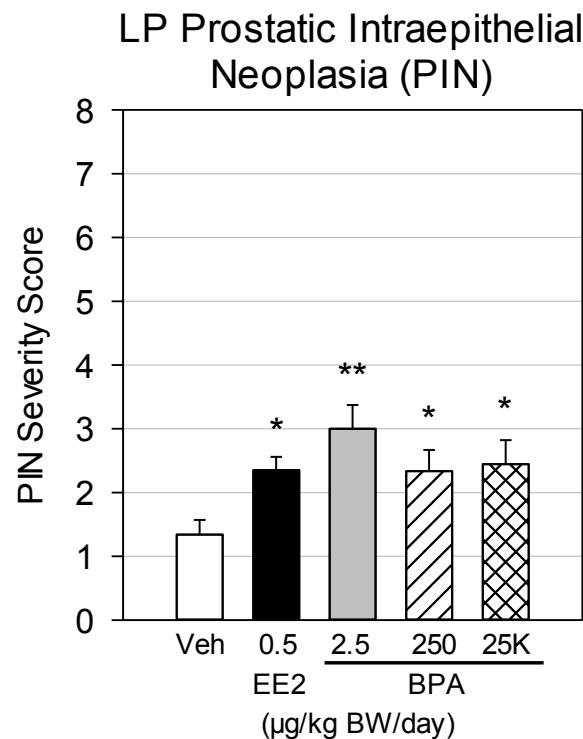
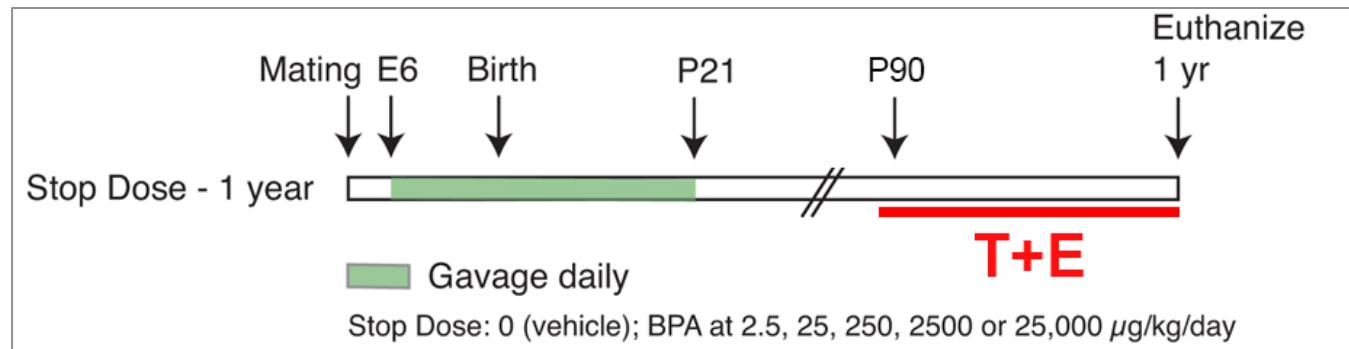
- Most humans are chronically exposed.
 - 93% human urines BPA+ (CDC assay)
- The *human fetus and neonate* is chronically exposed to BPA:

Early-life BPA Increases Prostate Cancer Susceptibility



CLARITY Study: FDA-NIEHS Investigator Consortium

Consortium Linking Academic and Regulatory Insights on BPA Toxicity

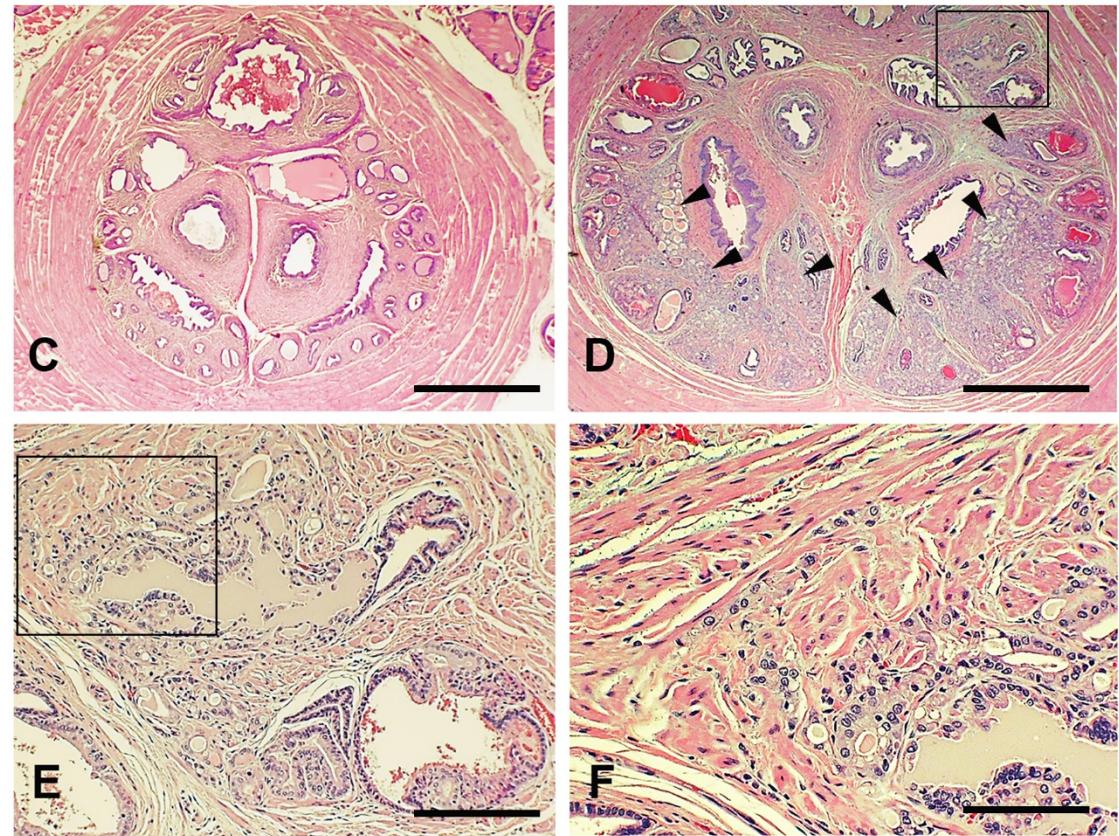
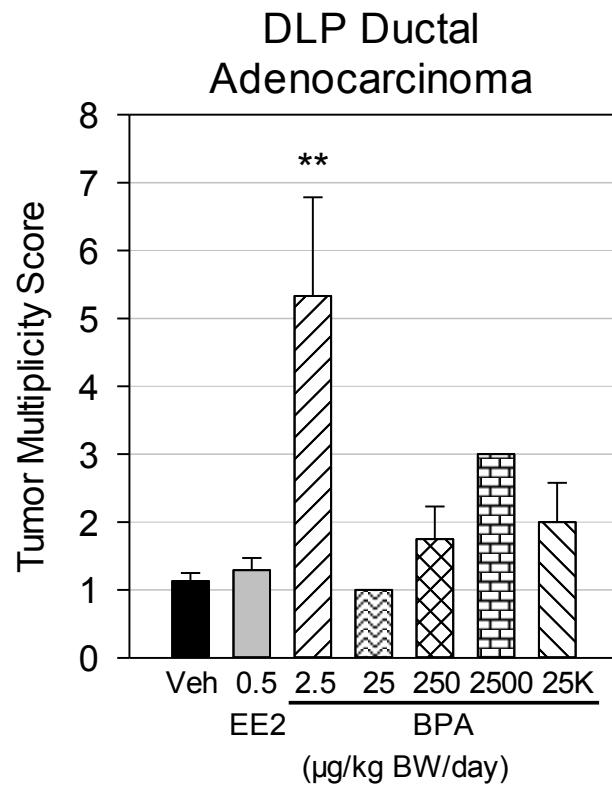


Lateral Prostate Lobe:

- No difference in PIN incidence
- Increased severity of LP PIN in EE and 2.5, 250 and 25,000 µg/kg BPA

(**P<0.01, * P<0.05 vs Vehicle)

Low-dose BPA increased E2-induced adenocarcinoma multiplicity

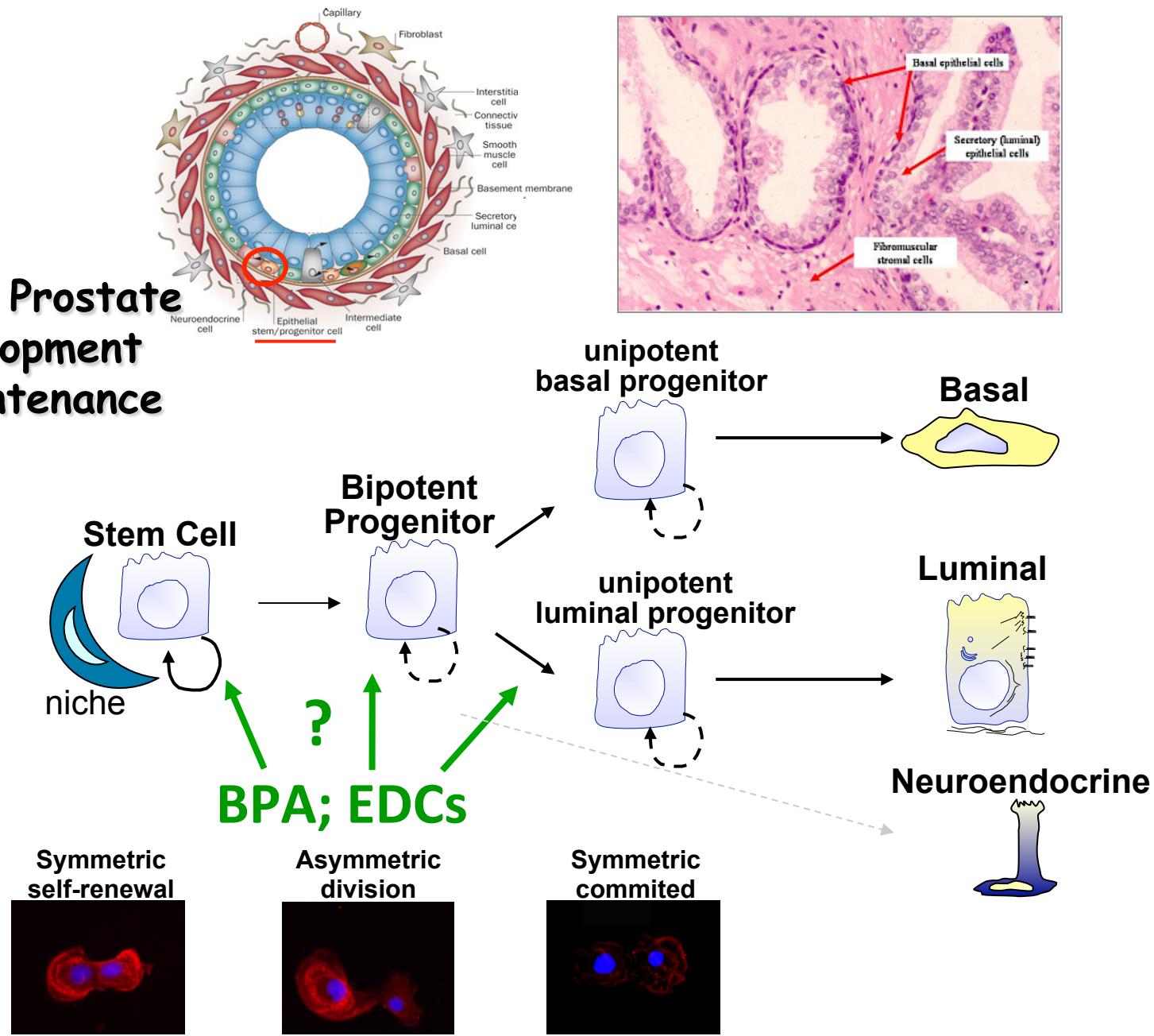


DLP Ducts:

- Incidence of adenocarcinoma (25-50%) not modified by EE/BPA.
- Increased **multiplicity** of ductal **adenocarcinoma** in 2.5µg BPA
(P<0.01 vs Vehicle). Trending for higher doses; borderline significance in parametric analysis.

Prostate Epithelial Cell Hierarchy

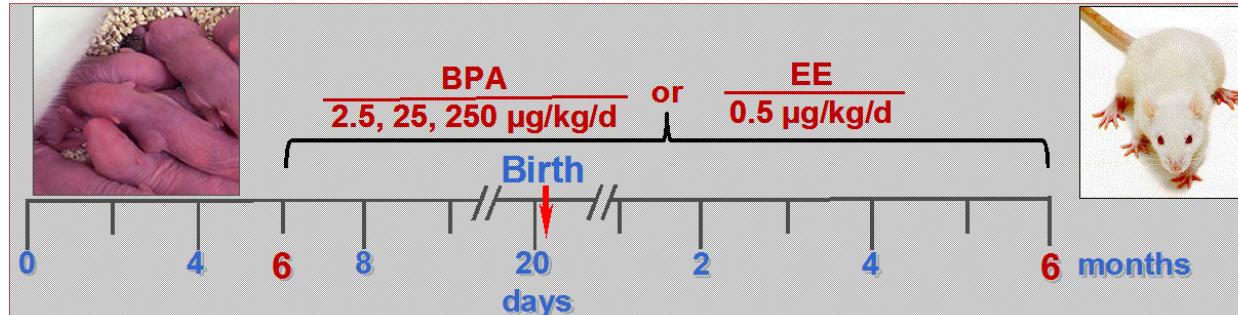
Normal Prostate Development & Maintenance



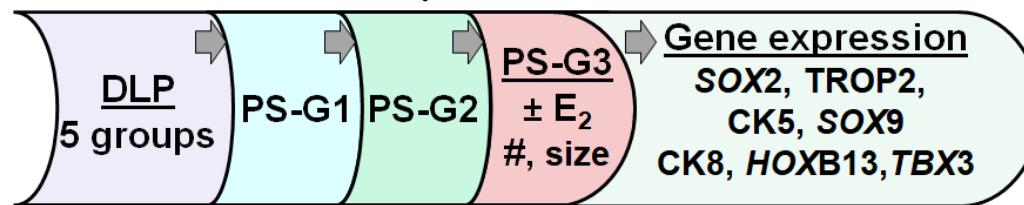
CLARITY Study: FDA-NIEHS Investigator Consortium

Examine the stem and progenitor cells from BPA-exposed rat prostates

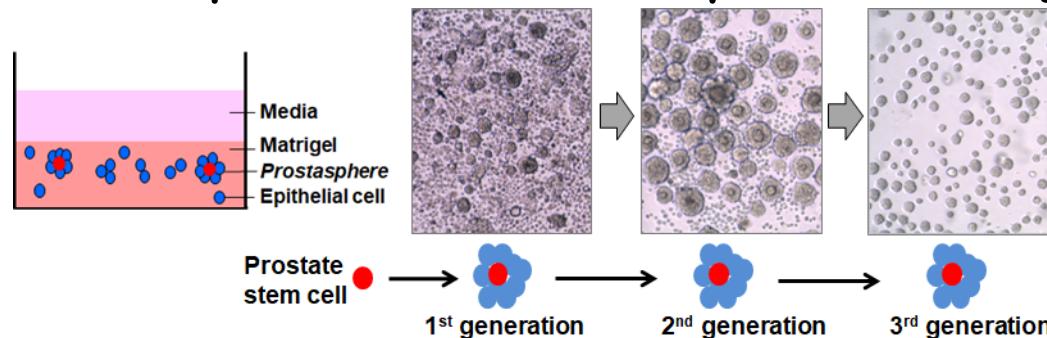
Animal Tx at FDA-NCTR



Workflow at UIC

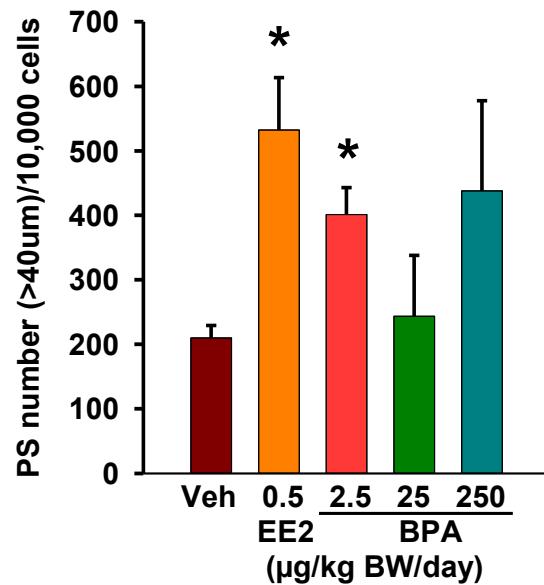


Prostasphere (PS) Assay and Passage

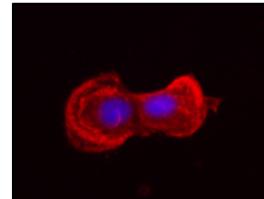


Chronic exposure to low-dose EE or BPA increased prostate stem cell # and progenitor cell proliferation

Passage 3 – Total PS

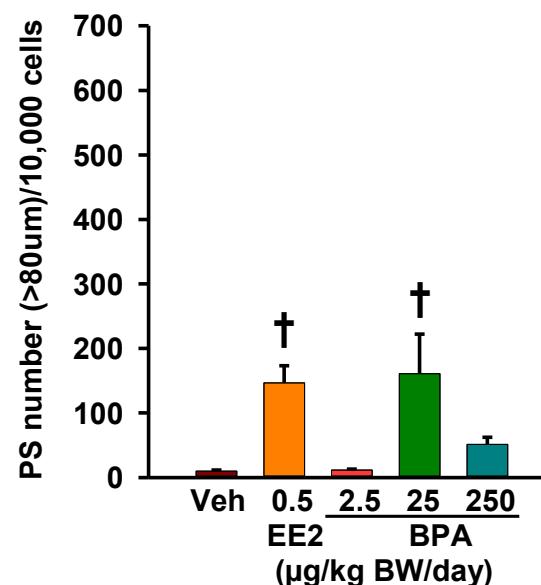


Representative of
stem cell number

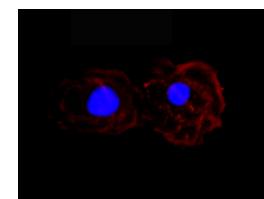


Symmetric
Self-renewal

Passage 3 – PS > 80 μM



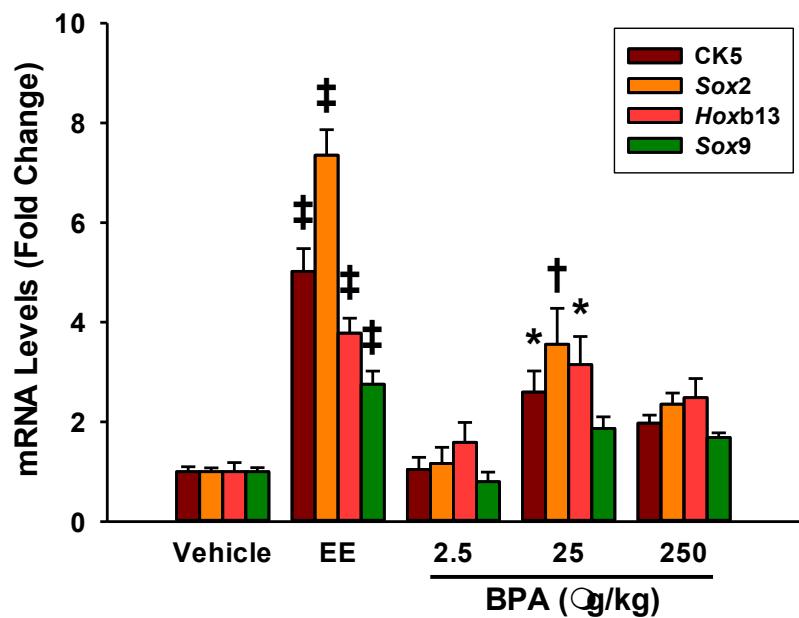
Representative of progenitor cell
proliferation



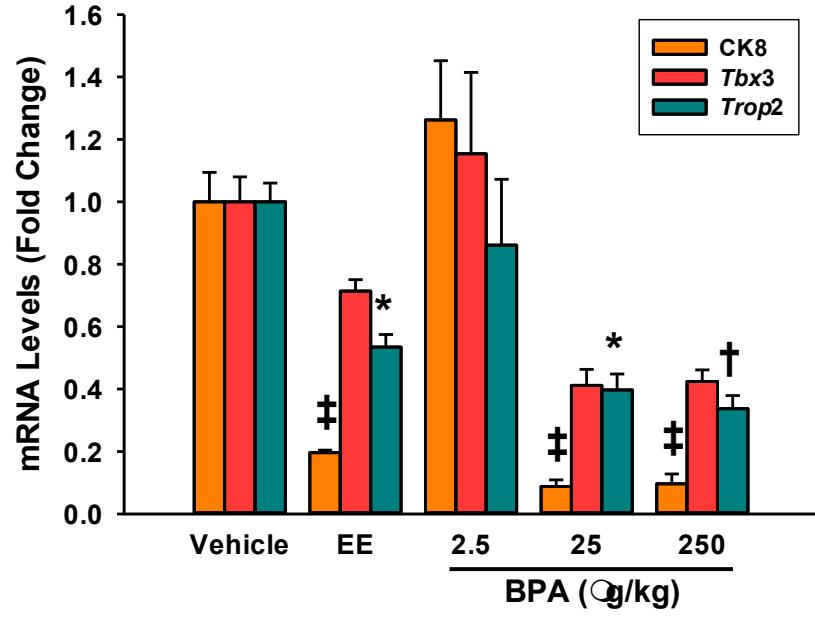
Symmetric
Committed division

Chronic low-dose EE and BPA (25 and 250 µg/kg) exposures alter progenitor cell lineage commitment

Basal Progenitor Pattern

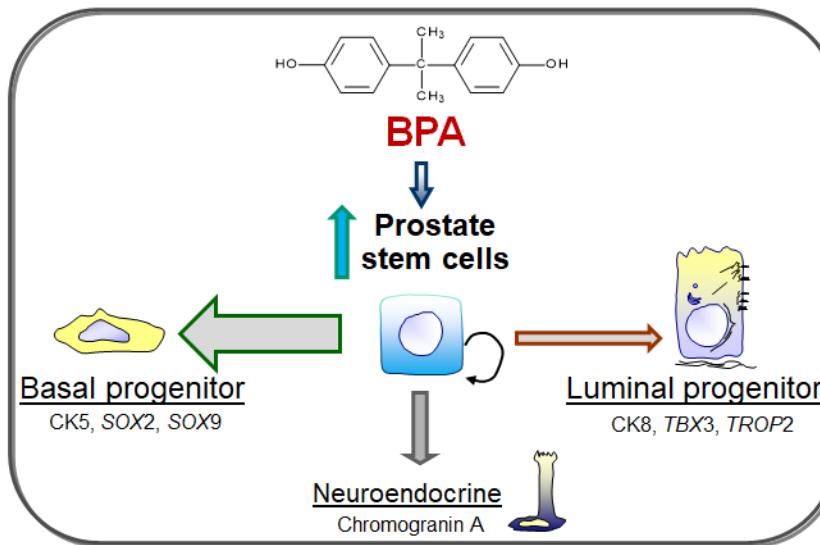


Luminal Progenitor Pattern



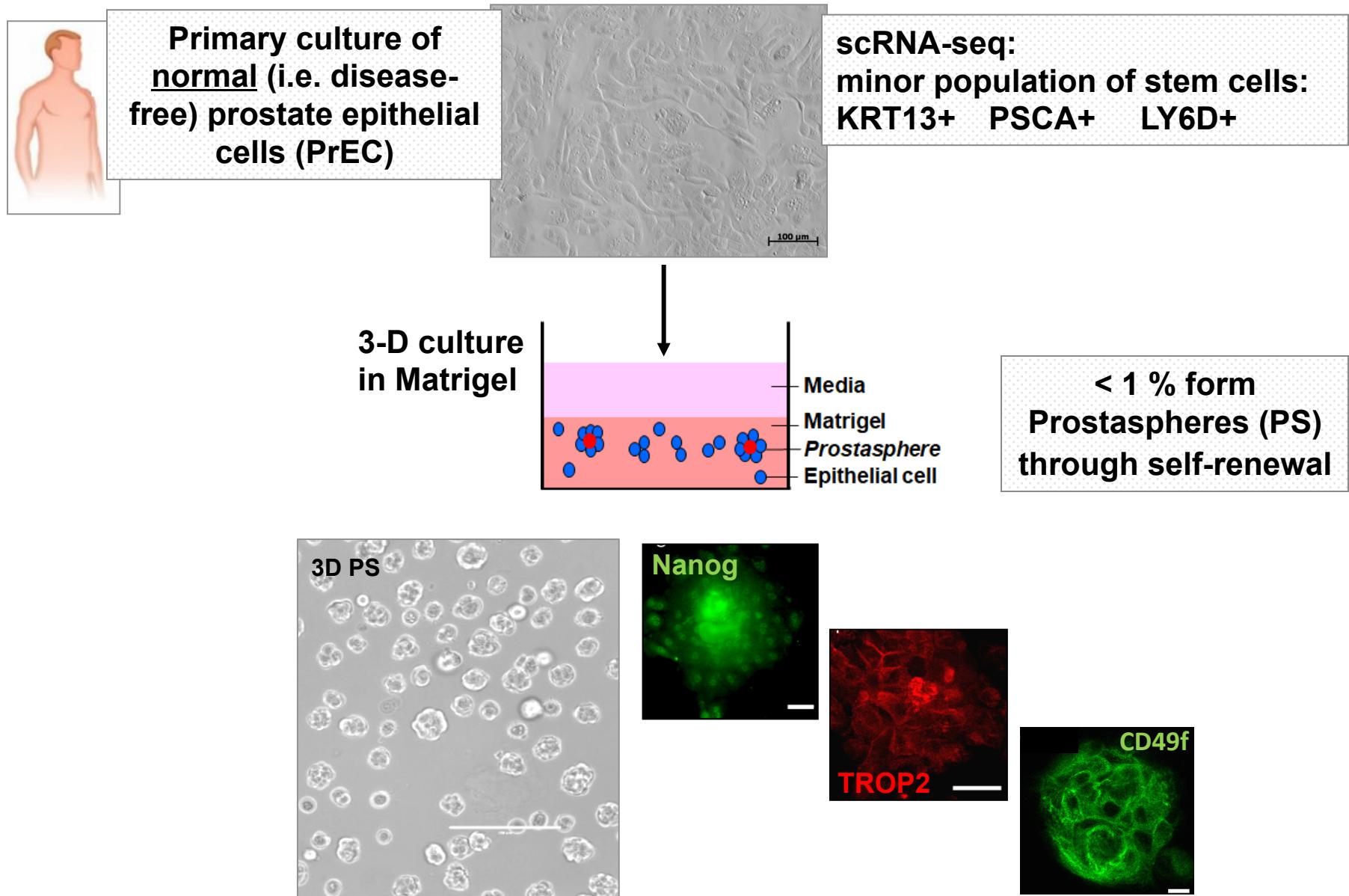
See a shift towards increased basal progenitor lineage at the expense of decreased luminal progenitor lineage

CLARITY Study: Summary Model

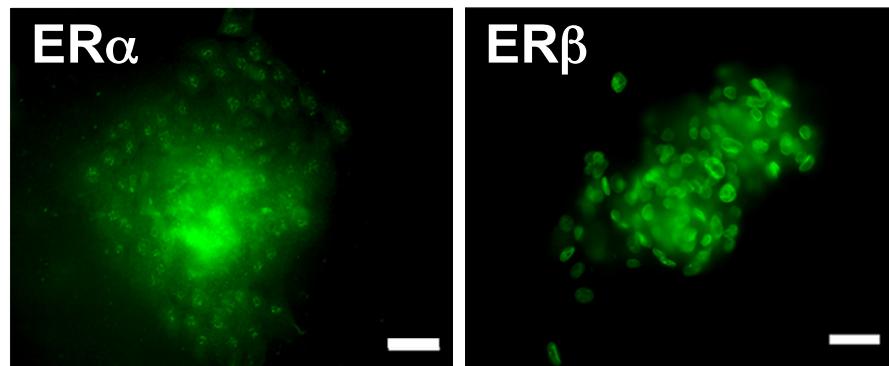
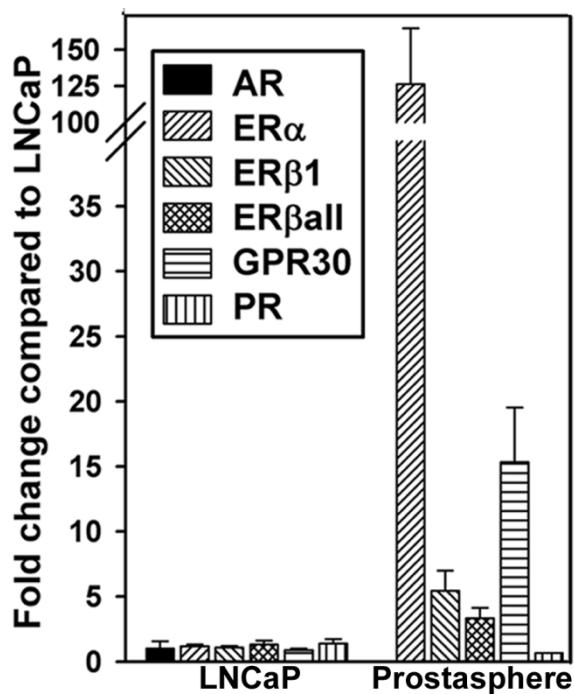


- How might the stem cell changes influence PCa susceptibility?
 - Cancer risk is highly correlated to # normal stem cell divisions in most tissues, *including prostate* (Tomasetti & Vogelstein, *Science*, 2015, 2017)
 - Tumor initiating cells for human PCa are largely localized to basal cell population (Goldstein et al, *Science*, 2010)
- Propose: Chronic *in vivo* low-dose BPA exposures ↑ prostate stem cell numbers and altered lineage commitment underpin increased carcinogenic risk with aging

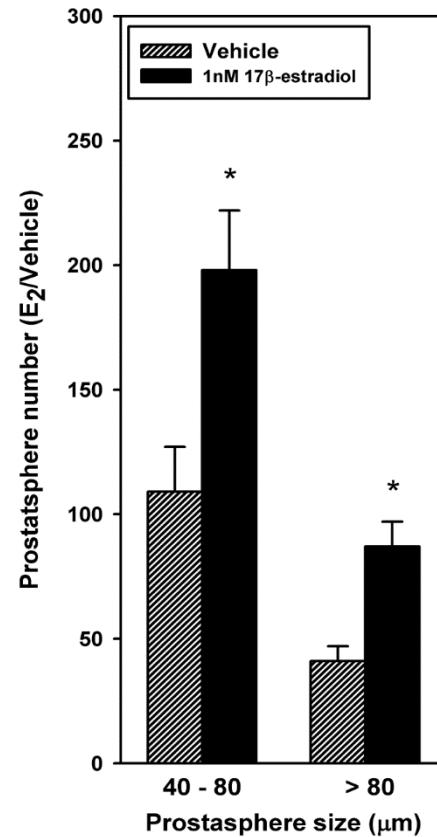
Human Prostate: Growth & Analysis of Stem-Progenitor Cells



Human Prostaspheres express Estrogen Receptors

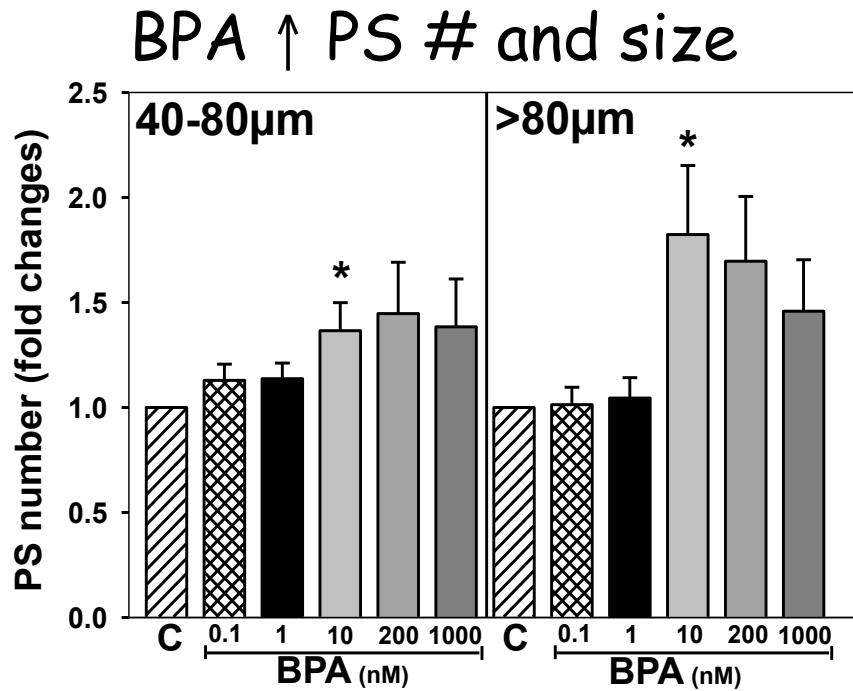


$E_2 \uparrow PS \# \text{ and size}$

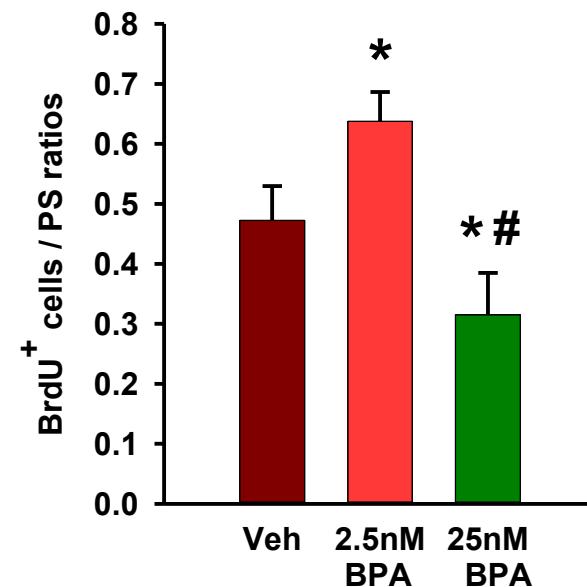


Bisphenol A stimulates prostate stem-progenitor cells

Day 7 PS



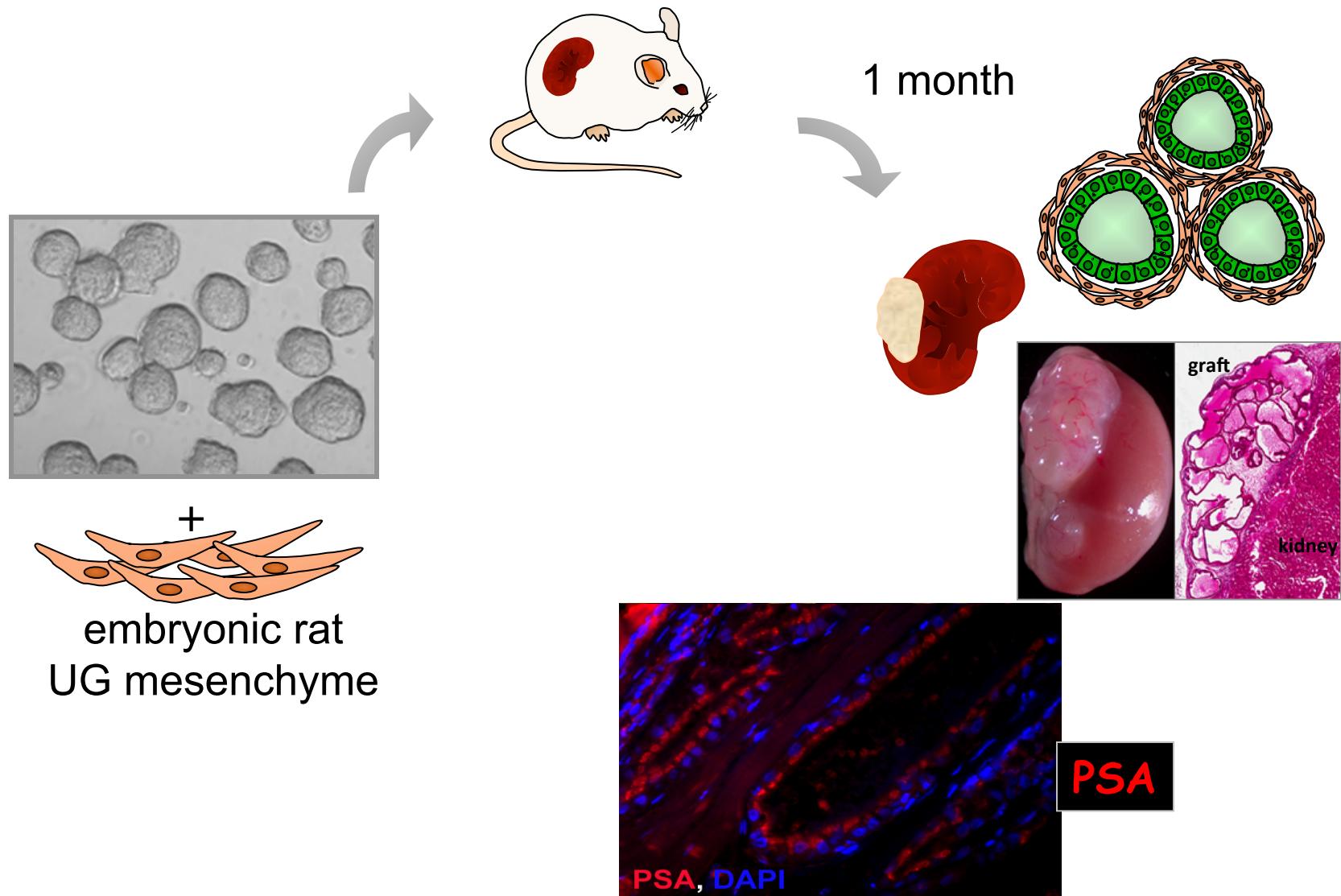
BPA ↑ PS stem cell #s
at low-dose



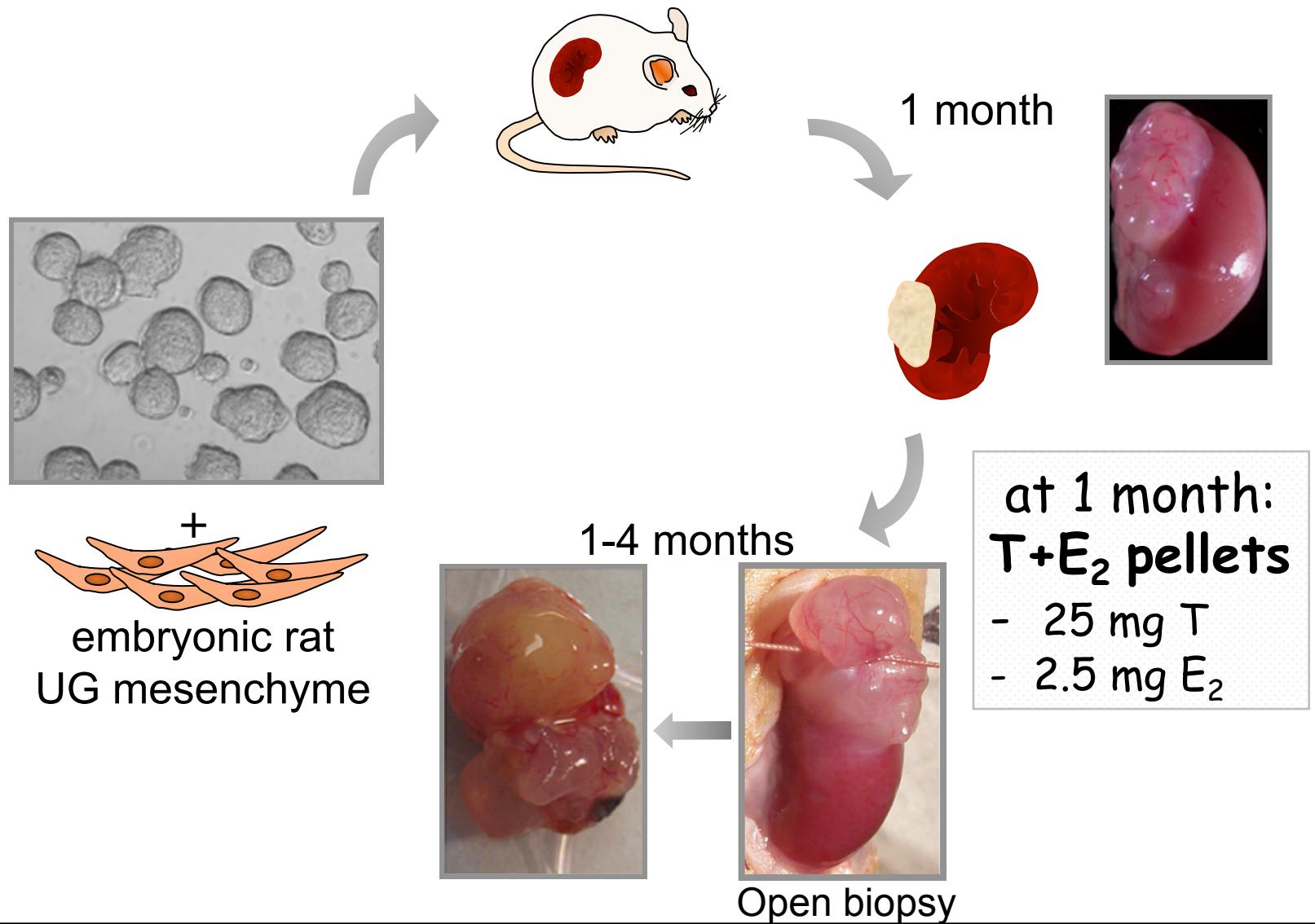
Low-dose BPA phenocopies most of E2 effects on prostate stem-progenitor cells

? *Can BPA increase prostate cancer susceptibility
in human prostate epithelium?*

In vivo Chimeric Model of Normal Humanized Prostate Tissue

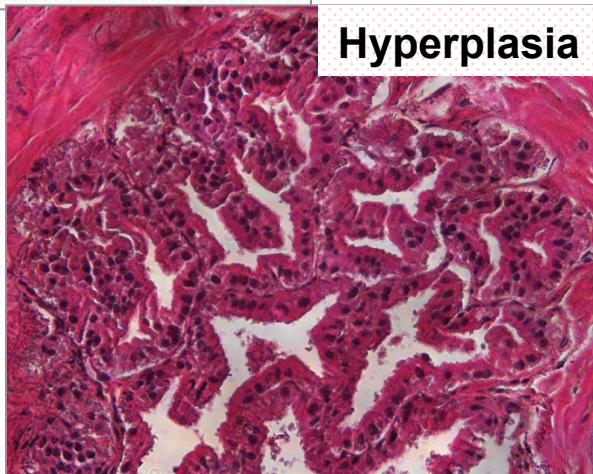


Estrogen-induced prostate carcinogenesis

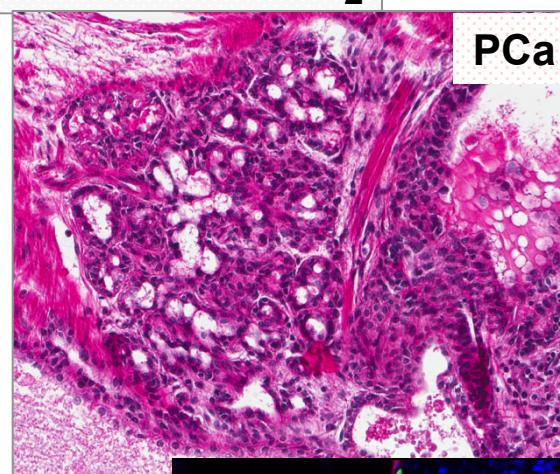


Estradiol Drives Adenocarcinoma in Human Prostate Epithelium

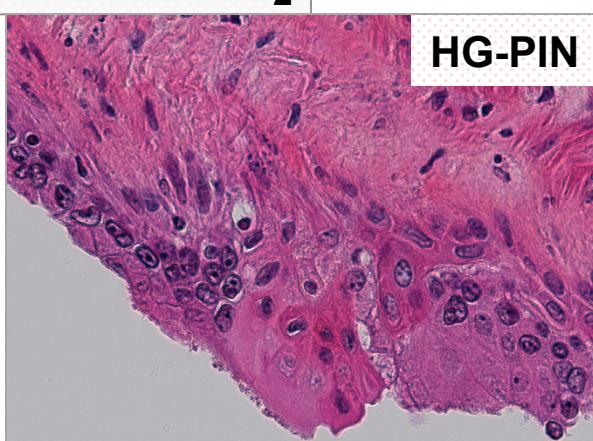
1 month T+E₂



2 - 4 month T+E₂



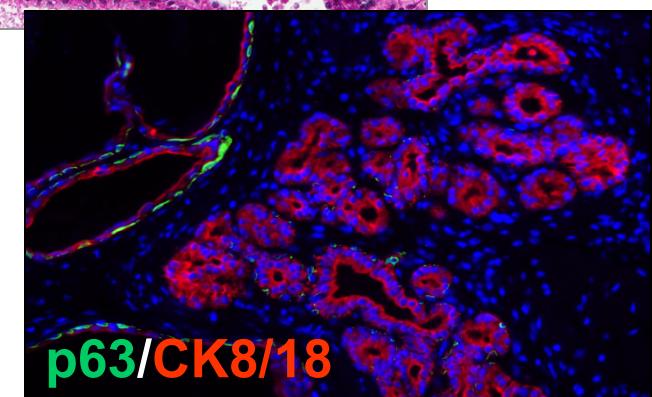
2 month T+E₂



HG-PIN

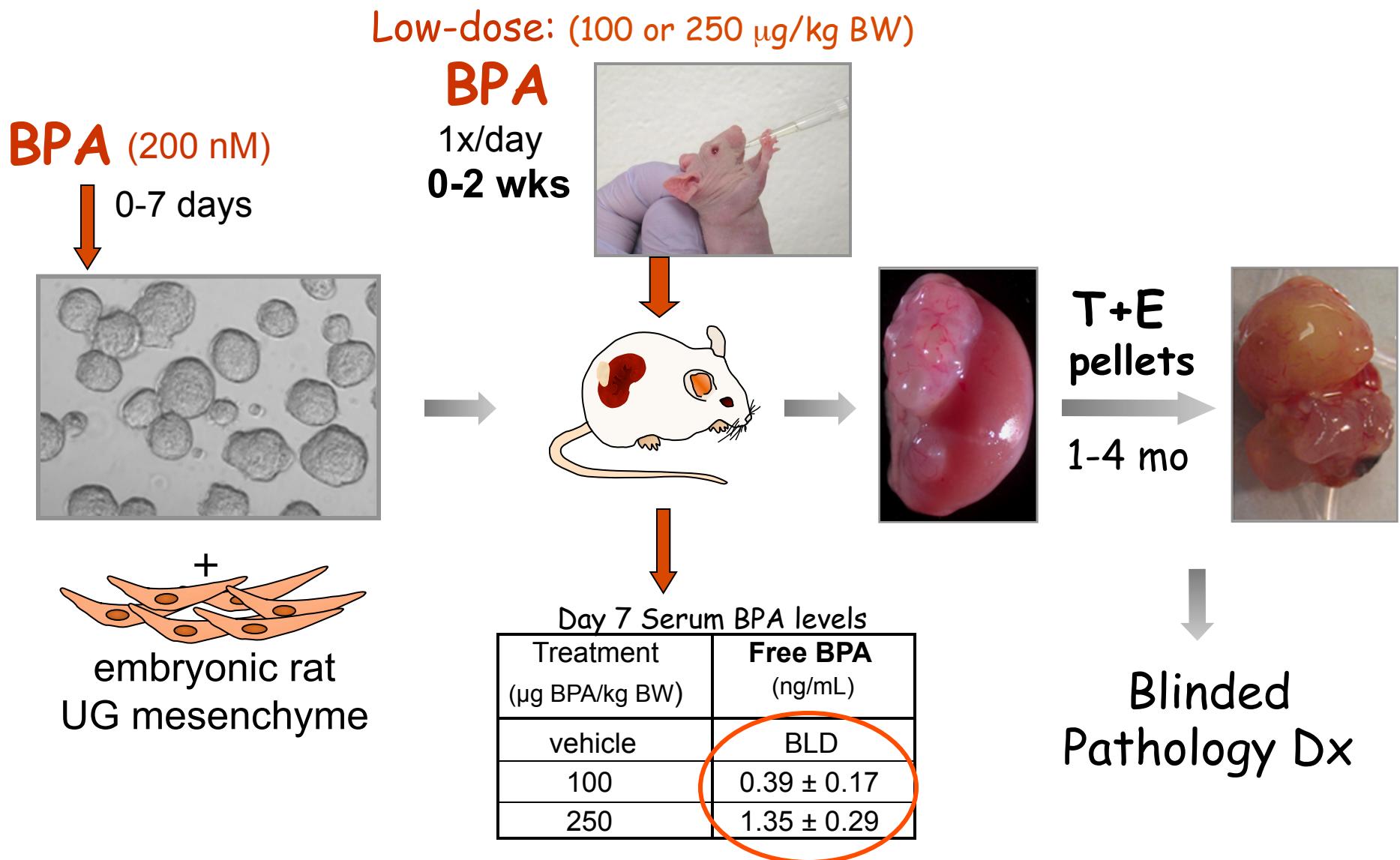
PIN Incidence by 4 mo: 31%

Prostate Cancer
Incidence: 11%



Hu et al, *Endocrinology* 152 :2150, 2011

Developmental BPA Exposure and PCa Susceptibility



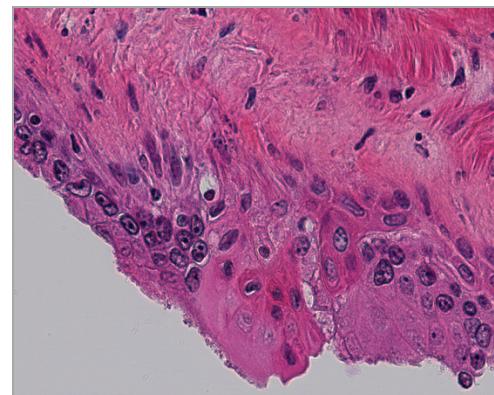
Developmental BPA Increases Human PCa Susceptibility

Dx at 2-4 months T+E

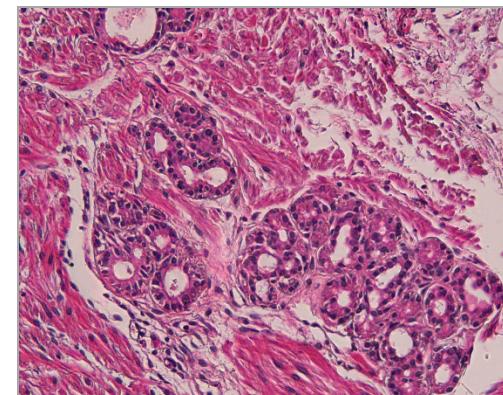
	Oil	BPA <i>in vivo</i> 100 µg/kg	BPA <i>in vivo</i> 250 µg/kg	BPA <i>in vitro + in vivo</i> 200 nM, 250 µg/kg
N	38	36	27	42
Normal	10 (26%)	4 (11%)	0 (0%)**	4 (10%)
<u>Abnormal: Benign Hyperplasia, SQM</u>	28 (74%)	32 (89%)	27 (100%)*	38 (90%)**
<u>Abnormal: Cancerous HG-PIN & PCa</u>	5 (13%)*	12 (36%) *	9 (33%)**	19 (45%)**

*P<0.05, **P<0.01 vs oil;

Note: Some specimens contain multiple diagnoses.

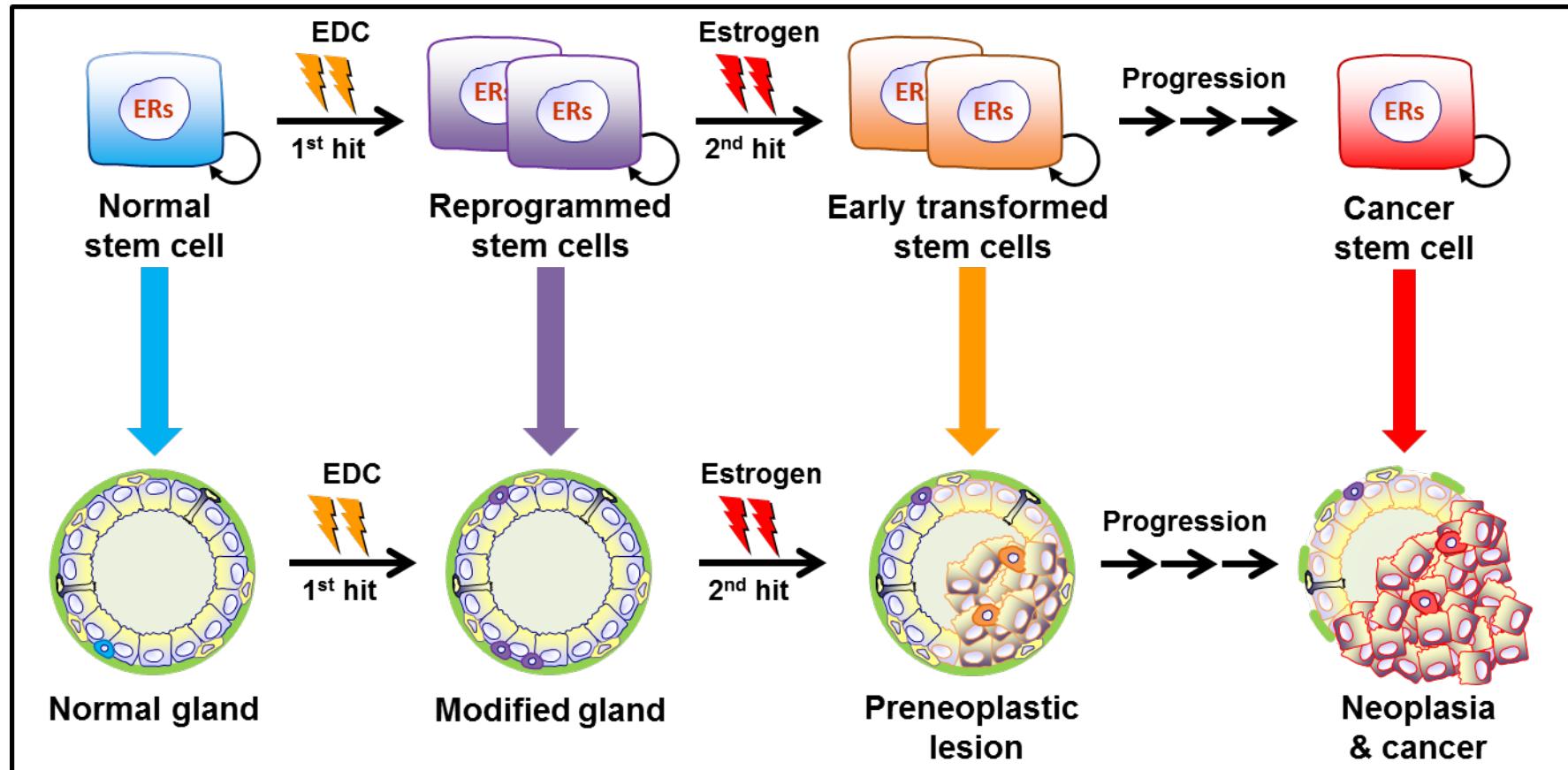


HG-PIN



PCa

Developmental BPA exposures reprograms prostate stem-progenitor cells resulting in increased carcinogenic susceptibility



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